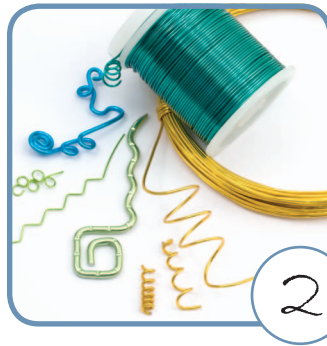


**MATERIALS :**

- 1 "Jig" working board
- ... Metal pegs (4 different sizes)
- ... Metallic wire(s)
- ... Various beads
- 1 Round nose pliers
- 1 Flat nose pliers
- 1 Cutters
- 1 Nylon jaw pliers

●● **Preparation :**

1- For this project, choose between the chandelier loop and the freestyle loop.

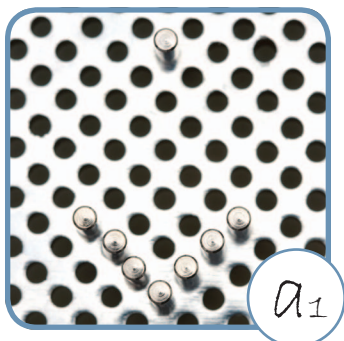


2- Choose the color and size of the wire\* you want to work with to form your stitch.

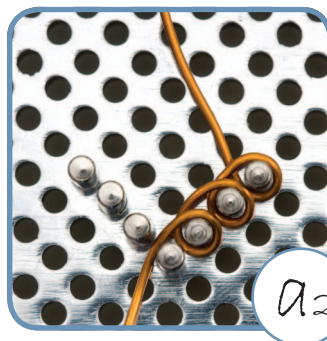
Copper wire is stronger than aluminum wire. It would be better to work with 20-gauge wire for the chandelier loop and with 18-gauge wire for the freestyle loop.



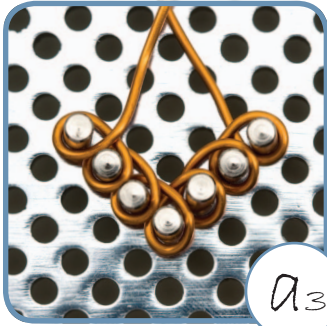
\* It is always better to smooth the wire prior to working with it. Take one end using flat nose pliers and smooth it with your fingers or with nylon jaw pliers. Please note that the longer the wire, the easier it is to work with.

●● **Fabrication :****Chandelier loop — Part 1 :**

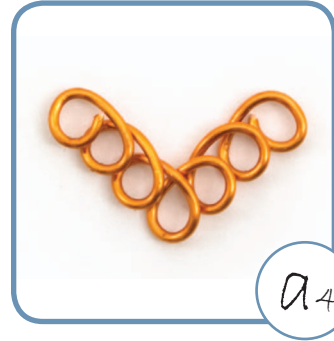
a1- Insert 8 pegs (the smaller ones) as illustrated on the left. Do not forget to block the pegs behind the Jig with the rubber pieces.



a2- Measure and cut at least 15 cm of wire and tie one end to your working board because you will need both hands to work the wire. You can now form loops on the bottom pegs, as shown on the pattern.

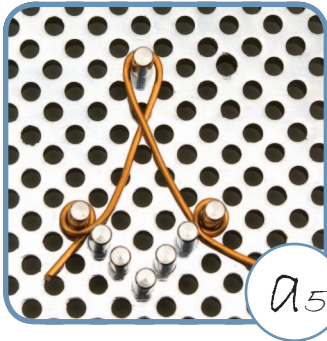


a3- You must form a total of 7 loops.

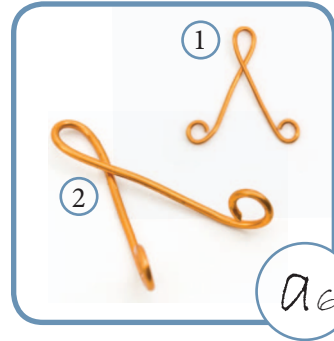


a4- When the design is completed, cut off the excess wire so that only the loops remain.

## Chandelier loop — Part 2 :



a5- Measure and cut approximately 10 cm of wire and form the design illustrated on the left



a6- When the design is completed, cut off the excess wire to obtain two small loops as illustrated (1).

Using flat nose pliers, bend the two small loops so that they are facing each other and parallel with the supporting wires (2).



a7- Measure and cut 5 cm of wire and wind it around the top loop three times.

If needed, use the round or flat nose pliers to tighten the wire.



a8- Once the three turns are completed, cut off the excess wire.

You are now ready to finish up by making the hook for the earring and put all the pieces together (see Finishing).

## Freestyle loop :

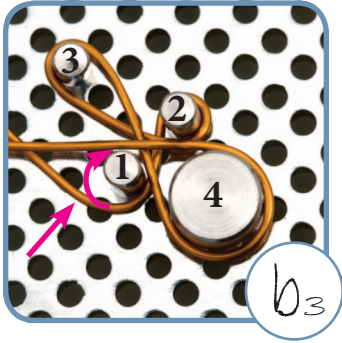


b1- Insert 4 pegs (3 medium and 1 large) as illustrated on the left. Do not forget to block the pegs behind the Jig with the rubber pieces.

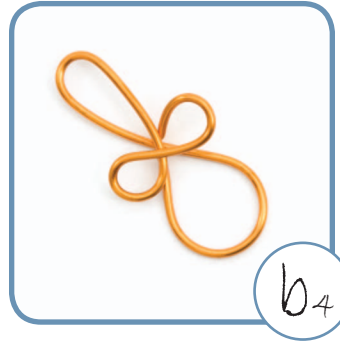


b2- Measure and cut at least 15 cm of wire and roll the wire around starting from peg 1. Make a loop around peg 2 and then go around peg 3.





Make a loop around peg 4. Curve the first wire around peg 1 so that it ends up on top towards the centre of the design.

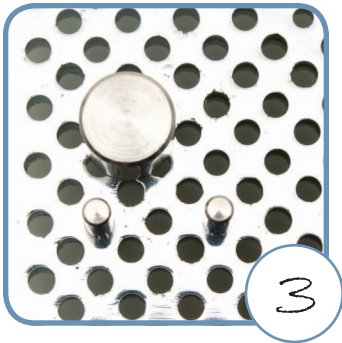


when the design is completed, cut off the excess wire.

You are now ready to finish up by making the hook for the earring and put all the pieces together (see Finishing).

## Finishing :

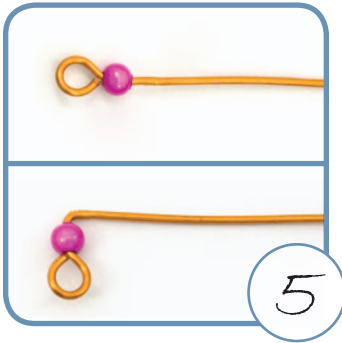
### Hook for earrings :



3- Insert 3 pegs (2 small and 1 large) as illustrated on the left. Do not forget to block the pegs behind the Jig with the rubber pieces.



4- Measure and cut 10 cm of wire. Form a loop around peg 1 with one end of the wire and remove the loop.



5- Cut off the excess wire to complete the loop. Add a small bead that will go nicely with your jewelry.

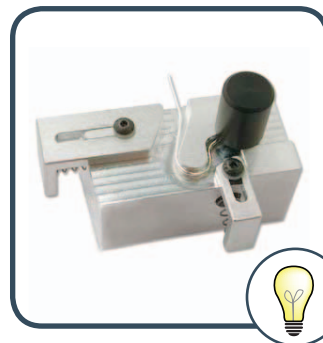
Using pliers, bend the wire to a 90° angle near the bead.



6- Take the small loop made at step 5 and insert it on peg 1 and form  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a loop around peg 2. Complete this loop giving it an opposite angle to the loop around peg 3.



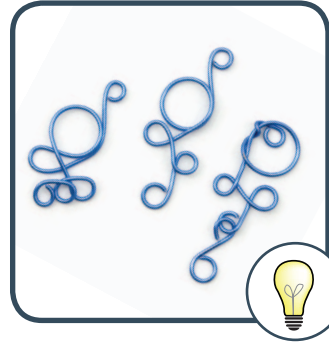
7- Remove the hook and cut the excess wire up to the desired length.



A sure way to facilitate your work and have more consistency and easiness in shaping your earring wires, you can use the EZ Earring. This revolutionary tool allows you to create earring hooks in no time at all!



8- Put together all your pieces of earrings, one into the other, using the small loops at the end of each piece.



Be unique and creative! Work with your imagination to create all kinds of shapes using the different pegs available.

