

MATERIALS:

- ... | Weaving or Wildfire thread
- ... Round or square beads (same size)
- 1 Scissors
- 2 | Bead tips
- 1 Clasp
- 1 Big eye needle
- 1 Beading loom
- ... BeadFix glue
- 1 | Round nose pliers
- 1 | Beading awl



Preparation:

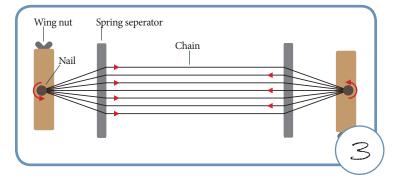


1- Before starting your project, make sure you have the necessary materials and tools.



2- Choose the thread and color of your beads according to the look and style you want to create. If you wish, you can start by drawing your design on a graph paper.

Threading of the chain:

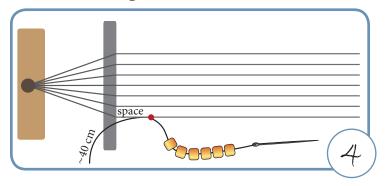




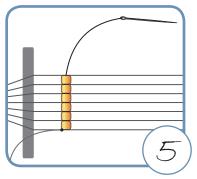
Make sure that the wing nuts are correctly tightened so that the wooden spool does not move. Both nails should lean slightly outward. The threads of the chain must be tight. You can adjust the tension by slowly turning one of the spools outward.

3- You can estimate approximately 30 cm of thread for each row in order to make the chain (threads on which you will weave your beads). For this example, we have 7 rows of thread, that is \pm 2,1 m. Always add 1 additional row to the number of rows you want (ex: for 6 rows, you need 7 rows of thread). Do not cut the threads individually. Wind one end of the thread a few times around the left nail. Going from left to right, stretch the thread up to the spring separator all the way to the other spring and make half a turn around the nail. The space between the threads of the chain must be the same as the size of your beads. It can be slightly larger but must not be smaller. Repeat this step in a parallel manner for all 7 rows. Roll the remaining thread around one of the nails. You can stabilize it with a piece of scotch tape.

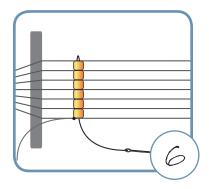
Weaving:



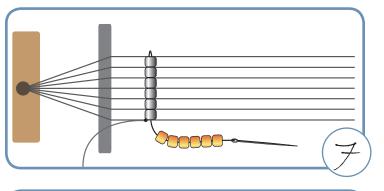
4- You will need approximately 2,3 m of thread to make your framework (thread that will create the pattern) for a bracelet measuring 16,5 cm. Make a knot on the chain leaving a space from the spring separator. Leave more or less 40 cm of framework thread to be used when finishing your bracelet. Insert your needle at the other end of this thread, and then add 6 beads.



5-Have the beads go under the chain, and then push them with your finger so that they come out between the threads of the chain.

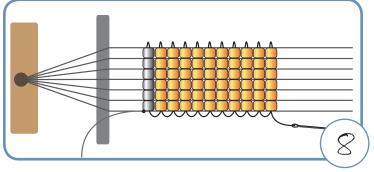


6-Insert your needle counter-clockwise in all six beads holding them so they stay in place and make sure to go above the threads of the chain.



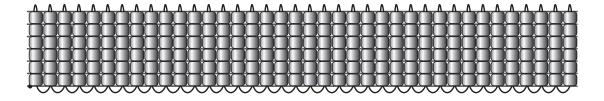
7- Pull on the thread so that there is no space between the beads.

Insert 6 new beads and repeat steps 5 and 6.

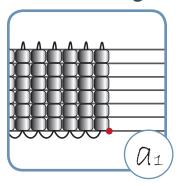


8- Repeat steps 5, 6 and 7 until you reach the desired length.

Fasten your jewelry using the appropriate technique (see Finishing).

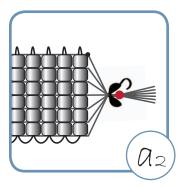


"Finishing:

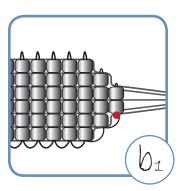


A- Straight finish:

1- Make a double knot on the 1st thread of the chain. Add a drop of glue using the loop knot pin. Unhook your jewelry piece from the loop.

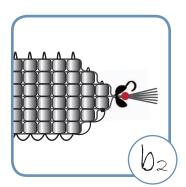


2-Insert all the threads in a bead tip, and then make a double knot as close as you can to the cover using the loop knot pin. Add a drop of glue and let dry. Cut off the excess thread and fasten the bead tip. Repeat these two steps with the other end of your jewelry.



B- Triangular finish:

1-Insert 4 beads between the 5 middle threads and repeat steps 5 and 6. Insert 2 beads in the middle and repeat steps 5 and 6. Make a double knot on one of the threads, then add a drop of glue using the loop knot pin and let dry. Repeat this step with the other end of your jewelry.



2-Insert all the threads in a bead tip, then make a double knot as close as you can to the cover using the loop knot pin. Add a drop of glue and let dry. Cut off the excess thread and fasten the bead tip.



- 9- Add the clasp you selected for the finishing touch of your jewelry piece.
- 1- Using round nose pliers, fasten the loop of the bead tip and insert your clasp.

OR

2- Insert your clasp in the loop of the bead tip and fasten the loop using round nose pliers.





